

## Tunnel Transit Damper

### Application and Design

Model HTD-640 is a heavy duty flanged frame style industrial control damper qualified for use in tunnel and transit systems. The aluminum airfoil blades, silicone blade seals and stainless steel jamb seals meet the demanding requirements for strength, leakage, and operability to standards such as NFPA-130, 502, and UL555S leakage.

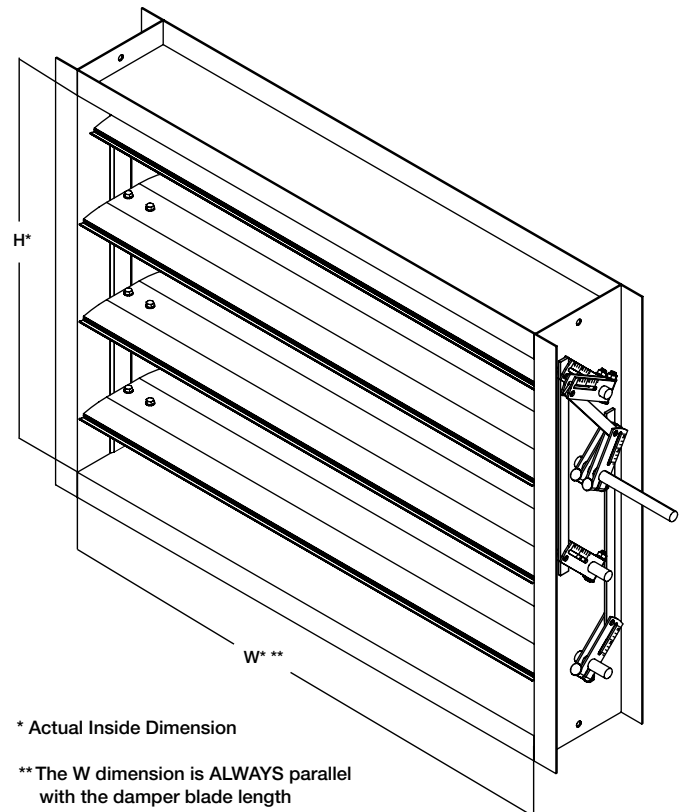
### Ratings

**Pressure:** 24 in. wg (6 kPa) structural integrity  
12 in. wg (3 kPa) leakage and operability

**Velocity:** 4000 (20.3 m/s)

**Temperature:** 250° F (121°C) continuous, not including actuator;  
482° F (250°C) for 1 hour (NFPA 130)

|                                 | Standard Construction                                   | Optional Construction  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| <b>Frame Depth</b>              | 12 in. (305mm)  | 10 in. (254mm)<br>8 in. (203mm)                                  |
| <b>Flange Width</b>             | 2 in. (51mm)  | 1½ in. - 4 in.<br>(38mm - 101mm)                                 |
| <b>Frame Material</b>           | Galvanized<br>(ASTM A653)                               | 304SS<br>316SS   |
| <b>Frame Material Thickness</b> | 12 ga. (2.7mm)  | 14 ga. (2mm),<br>10 ga. (3.4mm), or<br>.25 in. (6.4mm)           |
| <b>Blade Type</b>               | Extruded Airfoil  | -  |
| <b>Blade Material</b>           | Aluminum<br>(ASTM B221 6063-T5)                         | -  |
| <b>Blade Skin Thickness</b>     | .081 in. (2mm)  | -  |
| <b>Blade Action</b>             | Parallel  | Opposed  |
| <b>Blade Seal</b>               | Mechanically Fastened<br>Silicone                       | None   |
| <b>Axle Type</b>                | Stub  | -  |
| <b>Axle Diameter</b>            | 0.75 in. (19mm)   | -  |
| <b>Axle Material</b>            | 304SS   | 316SS  |
| <b>Axle Seal</b>                | None  | O-ring   |
| <b>Bearing</b>                  | Oil impregnated 316SS<br>sleeve press fit into<br>frame | External Oil impregnated<br>bronze<br>External Relubricable ball |
| <b>Linkage</b>                  | External industrial type,<br>stainless steel            | -  |
| <b>Jamb Seal</b>                | Compression type,<br>stainless steel                    | None   |
| <b>Blade Deflection</b>         | L/180   | L/360  |



### Size Limitations

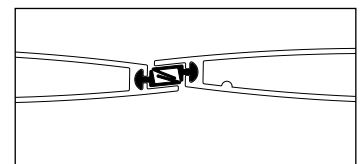
The following table provides minimum and maximum single section size. Multiple sections can be linked together to create larger damper assemblies.

#### Single Section Size

|                | Single Section Size                      |
|----------------|--|
| <b>Minimum</b> | 12 in. W x 12 in. H<br>(305mm x 305mm)   |
| <b>Maximum</b> | 48 in. W x 96 in. H<br>(1219mm x 2438mm) |

### Blade Overlap

Blades overlap to provide added resistance to leakage. When pressure increases, the blade seals are forced together creating a tighter seal.



### Options

- Wide range of electric and pneumatic actuators available
- Limit Switches
- Multiple panel assemblies
- Mounting holes in both flanges
- Vertical blade for vertical mounting
- Corrosion resistant powder paint on galvanneal frame

## Pressure Drop Data

This pressure drop testing was conducted in accordance with AMCA Standard 500-D using the three configurations shown. All data has been corrected to represent standard air at a density of .075 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> (1.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

Actual pressure drop found in any HVAC system is a combination of many factors. This pressure drop information along with an analysis of other system influences should be used to estimate actual pressure losses for a damper installed in a given HVAC system.

## AMCA Test Figures

**Figure 5.3** Illustrates a fully ducted damper. This configuration has the lowest pressure drop of the three test configurations because entrance and exit losses are minimized by straight duct runs upstream and downstream of the damper.

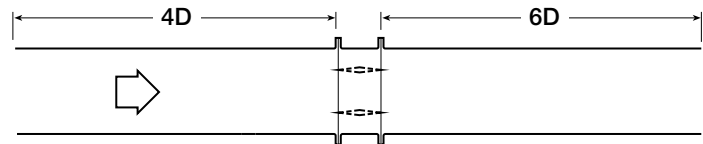


Fig. 5.3

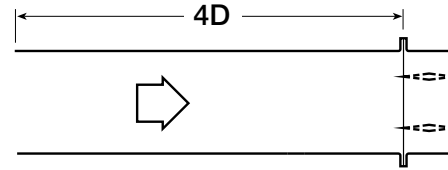


Fig. 5.2

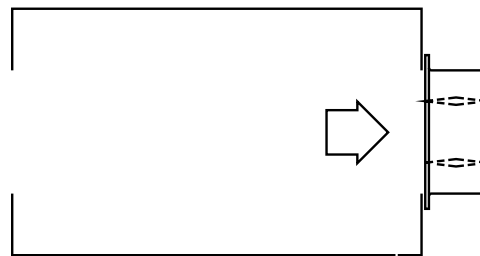


Fig. 5.5

**Figure 5.2** Illustrates a ducted damper exhausting air into an open area. This configuration has a lower pressure drop than Figure 5.5 because entrance losses are minimized by a straight duct run upstream of the damper.

**Figure 5.5** Illustrates a plenum mounted damper. This configuration has the highest pressure drop because of extremely high entrance and exit losses due to the sudden changes of area in the system.

**Pressure Drop  
36 in. x 36 in. (914mm x 914mm) Damper  
VELOCITY VS. PRESSURE DROP**

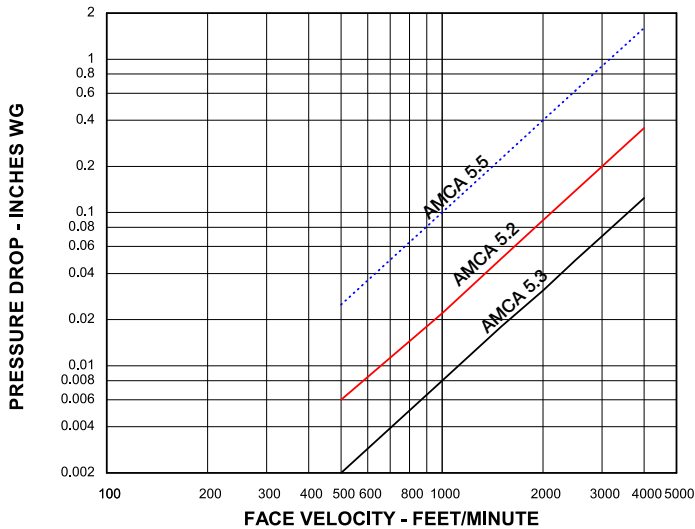


Figure 5.2:  $\text{Log}(P) = 2 * \text{Log}(V) - 7.653213$   
 Figure 5.3:  $\text{Log}(P) = 2 * \text{Log}(V) - 8.109144$   
 Figure 5.5:  $\text{Log}(P) = 2 * \text{Log}(V) - 7.0$

**Pressure Drop  
36 in. x 36 in. (914mm x 914mm) Damper  
VELOCITY VS. PRESSURE DROP**

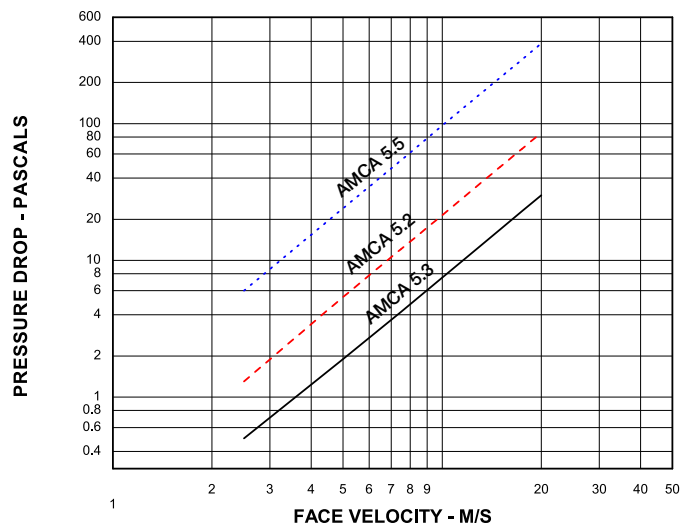


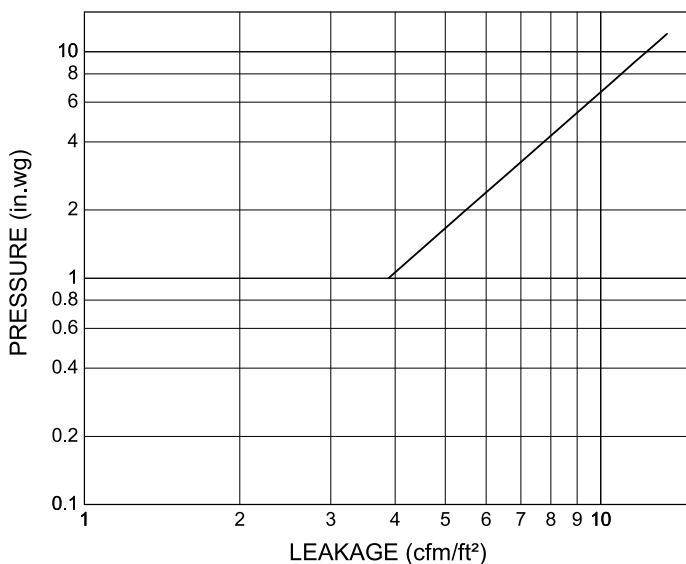
Figure 5.2:  $\text{Log}(P) = 2 * \text{Log}(V) - .668585$   
 Figure 5.3:  $\text{Log}(P) = 2 * \text{Log}(V) - 1.124517$   
 Figure 5.5:  $\text{Log}(P) = 2 * \text{Log}(V) - 0.015373$

## Leakage Data

Leakage testing was conducted in accordance with AMCA Standard 500-D and is expressed as CFM per sq. ft. of damper face area. All data has been corrected to represent standard air at a density of .075 lb/ft<sup>3</sup> (1.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

### Leakage

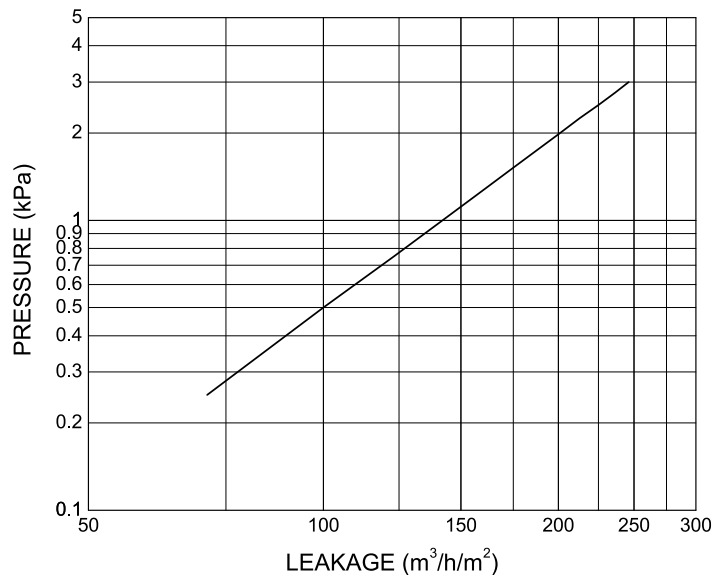
This chart shows worst case scenario based on these sizes:  
 6 in. x 60 in. (152mm x 1524mm), 60 in. x 6¼ in. (1524mm x 159mm),  
 48 in. x 36 in. (1219mm x 914mm), 60 in. x 60 in. (1524mm x 1524mm).



$$\text{Log (Leakage)} = 0.5 * (\text{Log (Pressure)} + 1.177296)$$

### Leakage

This chart shows worst case scenario based on these sizes:  
 152mm x 1524mm (6 in. x 60 in.), 1524mm x 159mm (60 in. x 6¼ in.),  
 1219mm x 914mm (48 in. x 36 in.), 1524mm x 1524mm (60 in. x 60 in.).



$$\text{Log (Leakage)} = 0.5 * (\text{Log (Pressure)} + 4.305274)$$

## Specifications

Industrial grade control dampers meeting the following specifications shall be furnished and installed where shown on plans and/or as described in schedules.

Dampers shall consist of: a 12 ga. (2.7mm) galvanized steel channel frame with 8 in. (203mm) minimum depth and 2 in. (51mm) flanges; extruded aluminum airfoil type blades; ¾ in. (19mm) dia. plated steel axles turning in oil impregnated sintered type 316 stainless steel bearings press-fit into frame; and external (out of the airstream) blade-to-blade linkage. Blade seals shall be silicone rubber and jamb seals shall be flexible stainless steel.

Damper manufacturer's printed application and performance data including pressure, velocity and temperature limitations shall be submitted for approval showing damper suitable for pressures to 12 in. wg (3 kPa), velocities to 4000 fpm (20.3 m/s) and temperatures to 250°F (121°C). Testing and ratings to be in accordance with AMCA Standard 500-D.

Basis of design is Greenheck model HTD-640.

